




# World Hunger

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In Nigeria

*Presentation* 



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# Presentation Main Points

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- ✓ The Problem
- ✓ Data
- ✓ Our Solution
- ✓ What YOU Can do to Help
- ✓ Additional Resources



Capital : Abuja  
Largest City : Nsukka  
Population : 201  
Million

# About

“

Nigeria is an key regional player in West Africa, Nigeria accounts for about half of West Africa's population with approximately 201 million people, it is Africa's biggest oil exporter, and has the largest natural gas reserves on the continent. Even with this Nigeria has nearly 25 million people starving or hungry. This being caused by multiple reasons like poor funding for sustainable policies, limited mechanized farming, poor rural development, and prohibitive practices that disenfranchise women farmers.

”

# Demographics



## HEALTH

Nigeria is ranked 75/89 countries in the current health expenditure with only 3.6%. Nigeria has the second largest number of people living with HIV/AIDS in the world. Nigeria has the highest cases of Malaria in the world.



## EDUCATION

Nigeria counted 22.4 million children enrolled in public elementary schools and 5.5 million in private schools. Recent data show that the gross enrollment rate in primary schools in Nigeria stood at 68.3 percent and North-Western states registered the highest figures

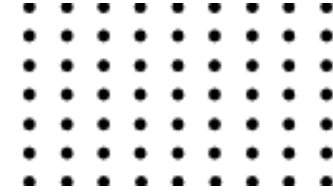


## RELIGION

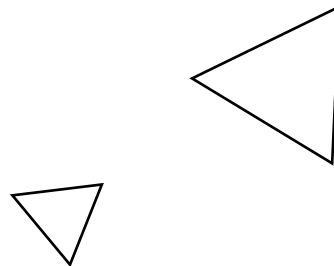
Nigeria has had a influx of different religions with the traditional religion being #1, but slowly dying out. Nigeria is 53.5% Muslim, 35.3% Christian, 10.6% Roman Catholic, and 6% traditional.



# Constraints



- ❖ Most of the governments in Africa are corrupt and have less flexibility with discussing to other countries how to solve this problem.
- ❖ Farming is difficult because rain usually only comes by the rainy season and floods happen during the rainy season.
- ❖ Taxpayers

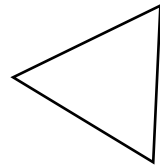
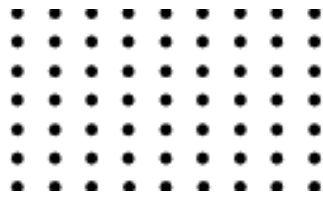
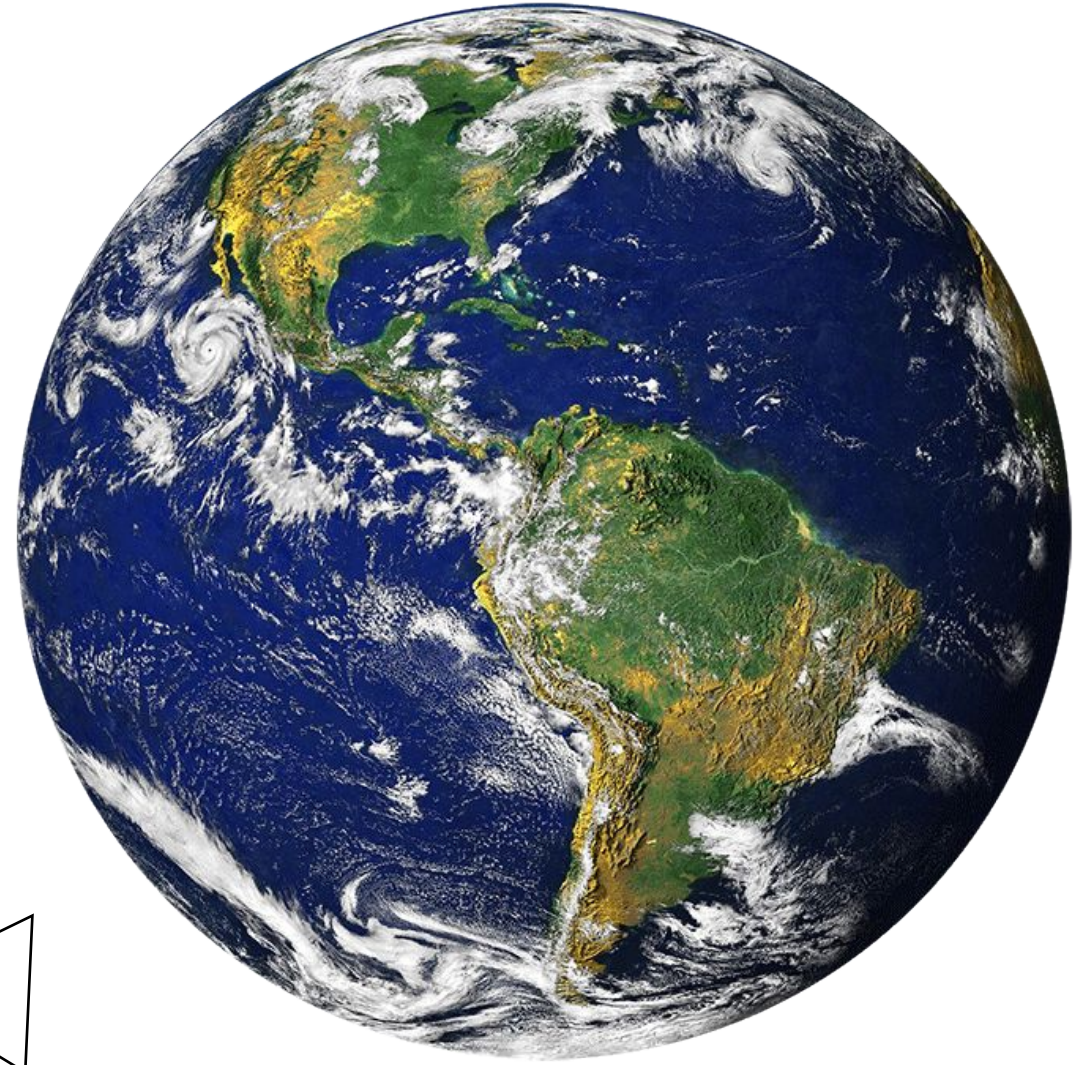




# Geography and climate

Nigeria has a tropical climate, with rainy and dry seasons that vary depending on where you are. The southeast is hot and humid for the majority of the year, but the southwest and farther inland are dry. The north and west have a savanna climate with distinct wet and dry seasons, while the far north has a steppe climate with little precipitation.

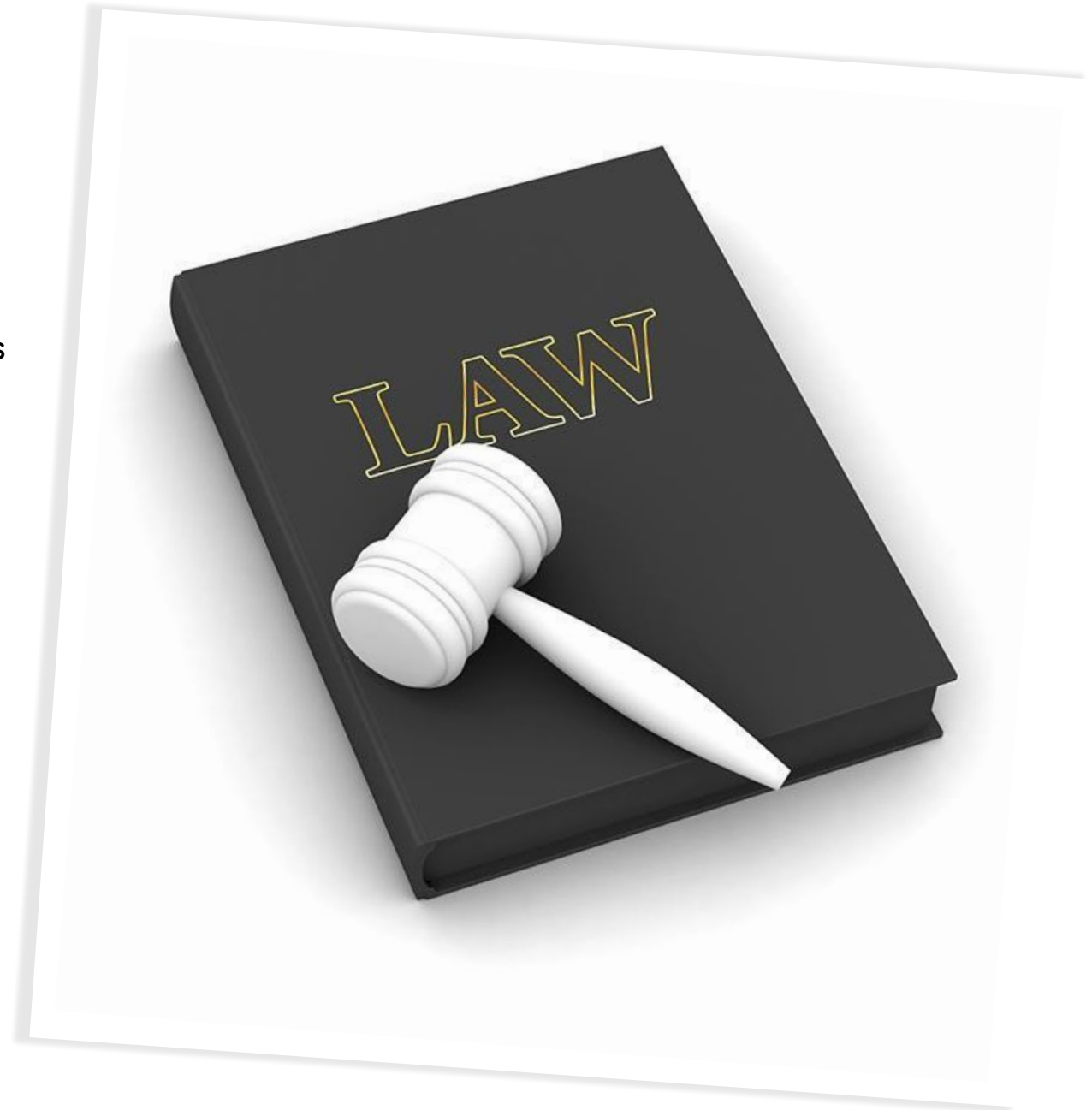
The length of the rainy season decreases from south to north in general. The rainy season lasts from March to November in the south, but only from mid-May to September in the far north.



# Government and politics

Below the federal level, there are two levels of government: state and local. The state government usurped local government functions until 1988, when the federal government decided to fund local government organizations directly, allowing them to function effectively for the first time.

- *What is Corruption?*
  - It's when those in positions of power engage in dishonest or fraudulent behavior, usually involving bribery. It is the illegitimate use of power to advance a personal agenda (Morris 1991). The offering of a bribe to an official in order to conceal the truth is known as corruption. It includes the embezzlement of public funds for personal gain, as well as any act that is considered criminal under the law of a given society.



# Economy

- Nigeria's revenue flow remained unreliable at the turn of the century, which the government attempted to address by borrowing from international sources, implementing various austerity measures, or doing both at once.
- As a result, debt repayment required an ever-increasing share of the national budget, which, given the prevalence of corruption in government operations, meant that very little of Nigeria's income was spent on the people and their needs.
- The country benefited from a 2005 debt-relief plan under which the majority of its debt to the Paris Club, a group of creditor countries, was forgiven after a certain amount was repaid. Nigeria met this requirement in 2006, becoming the first African country to pay off the group's debt.





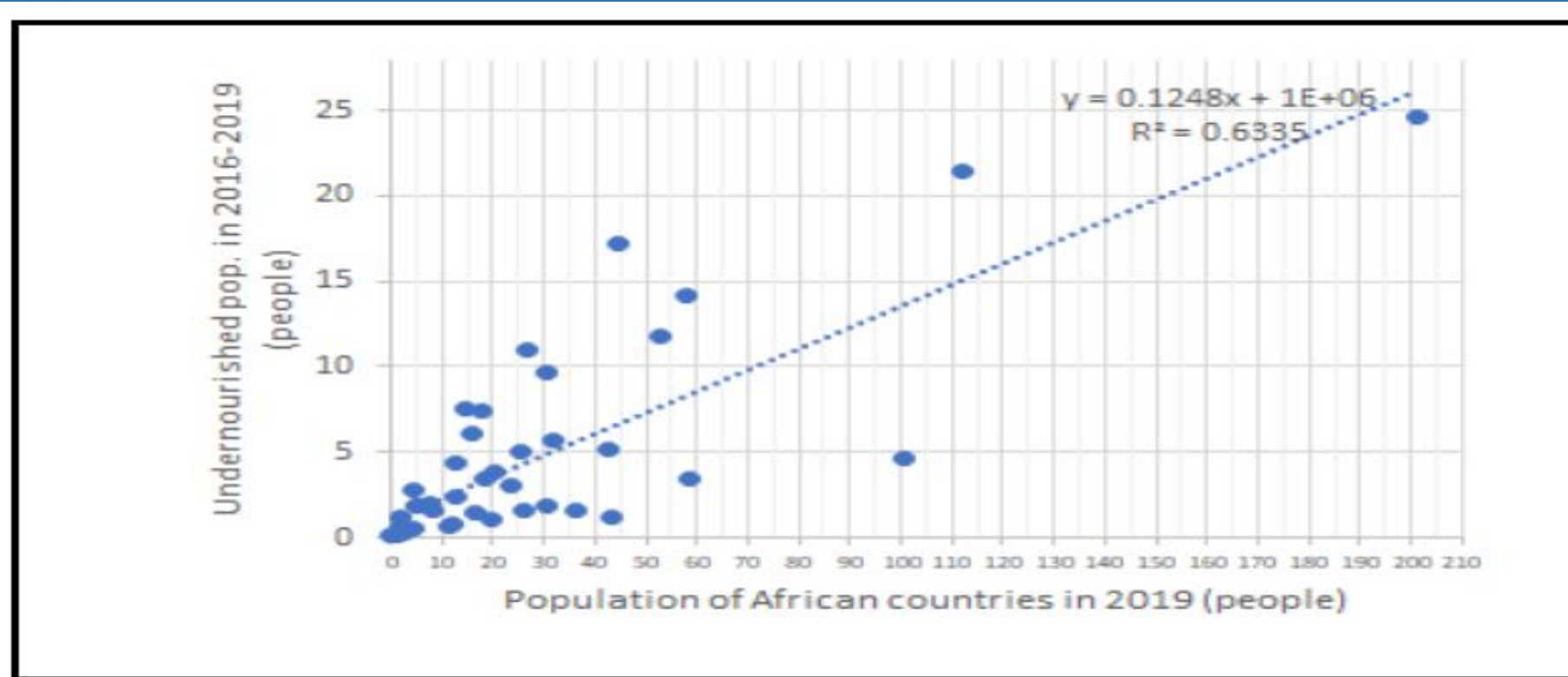
Here are some stats!



STATISTICS

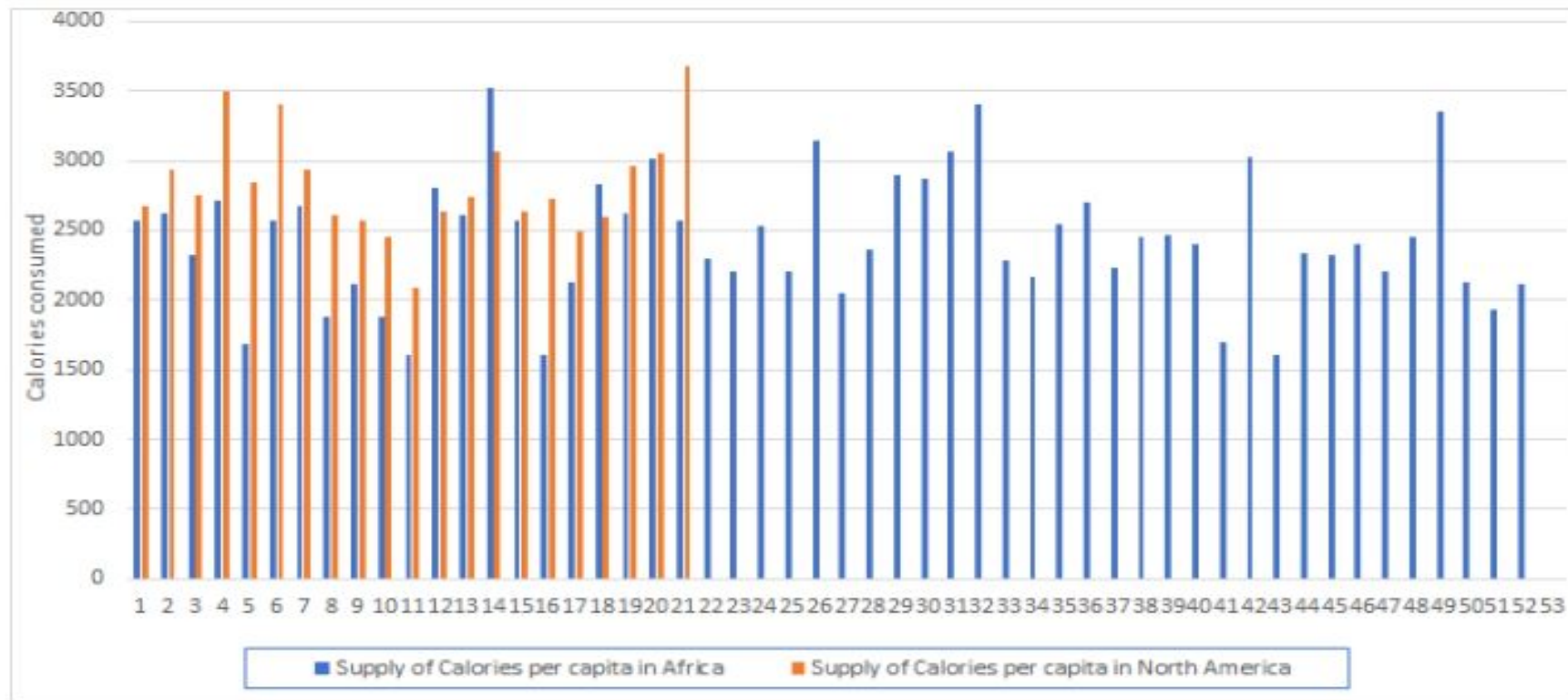


# Figure 1



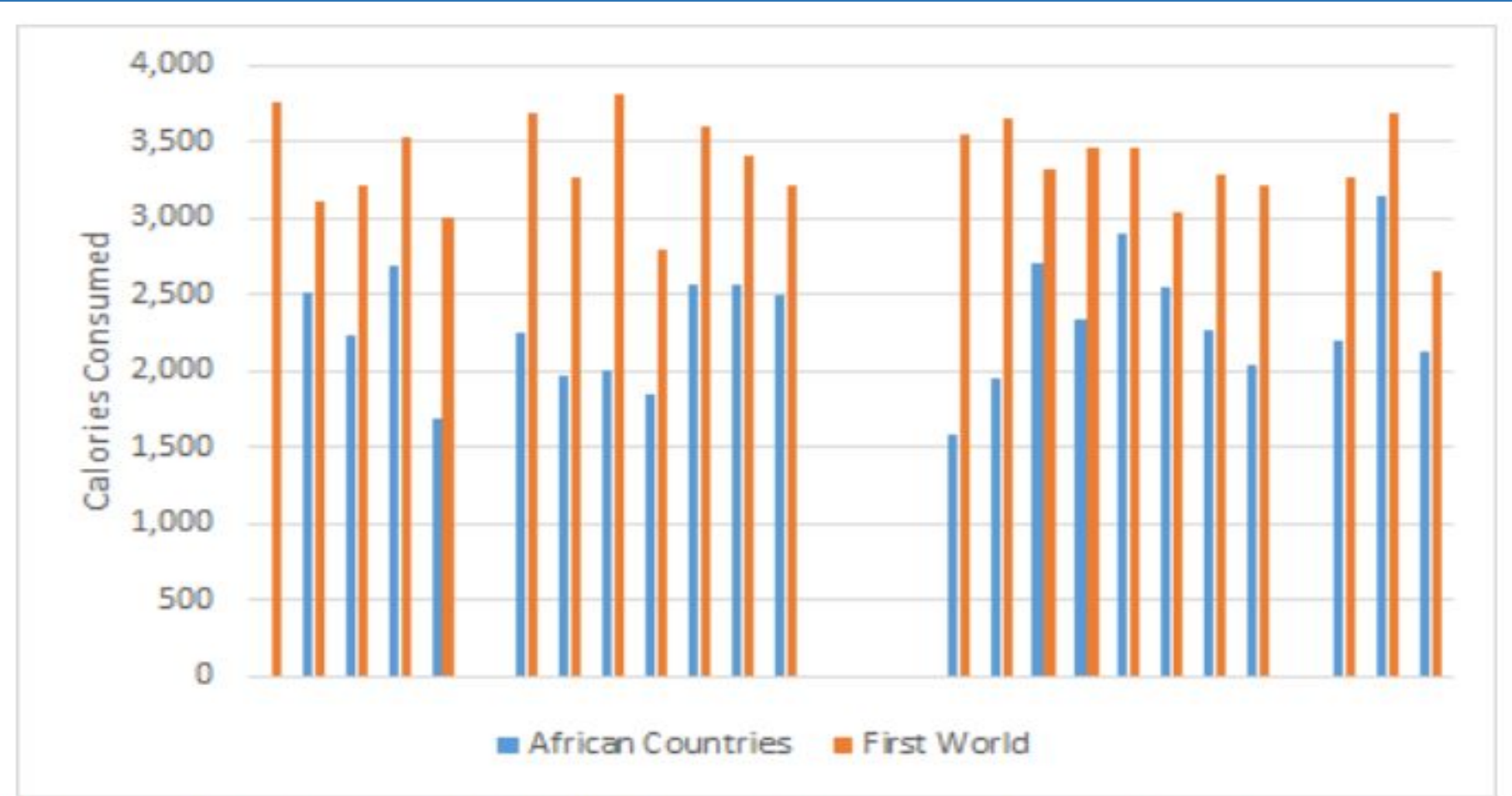
*Figure 1 (shown in millions). Analysis of the relationship between the population of 45 African countries in 2019 and its undernourished population from the years 2016-2019. Data shows a positive correlation between the population amounts. Results showed a statistically significant correlation between the total populations of 45 countries in Africa and its corresponding undernourished population ( $r=0.7571$ ,  $df=43$ ,  $p<.0001$ )*

# Figure 2



*Analysis of the relationship between the supply of calories per capita in African Countries in 2013 and the Northamerican supply of calories per capita. Results showed that there is a significant difference between the supply of calories per capita in African countries and the supply of calories per capita in North America ( $t= 1.992997126$ ,  $df= 73$ ,  $p= 0.00217475876761939$ ).*

# Figure 3



*Bar graph of calorie intake comparing African countries to First world countries. Graph shows a difference, albeit not statistically significant, wherein first world countries are consuming large amounts of calories compared to their African counterparts.*

# **Our Solution**



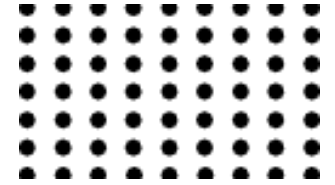
Providing more funding for non-profit organizations, that provide food/resources for countries with food insecurity.



# Our Solution



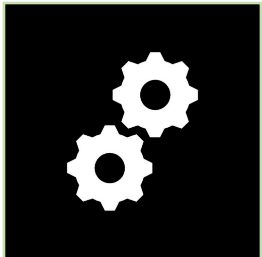
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According to [World Food Programme](#), "Governments are the principal source of funding for WFP; the organization receives no dues or portions of the UN assessed contributions."



According to [breadfortheworld](#), "Our government spends about 11 percent of its budget on domestic programs that assist low-income individuals... Less than one percent of the federal budget goes toward international poverty-focused development assistance."



Providing more funding for nonprofit organizations is something that should be done to enlighten future generations to take part of these innovations to human kind.



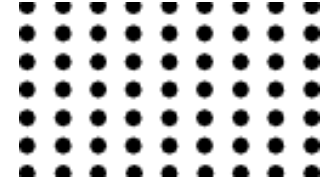
Non-Profit Organizations to Fund:

- Feed My Starving Children
- World Food Programme
- Action Against Hunger
- The Hunger Project
- Bread for the World

# Our Solution



Providing more funding for non-profit organizations, that provide food/resources for countries with food insecurity.



The Impacts & Effects of Our Solution  
(ex: The Hunger Project & Feed My Starving Children)



-41%



Decrease in Severe Hunger

-25%



Decrease in Household Poverty

+39%



Increase in Female Business Ownership

-24%

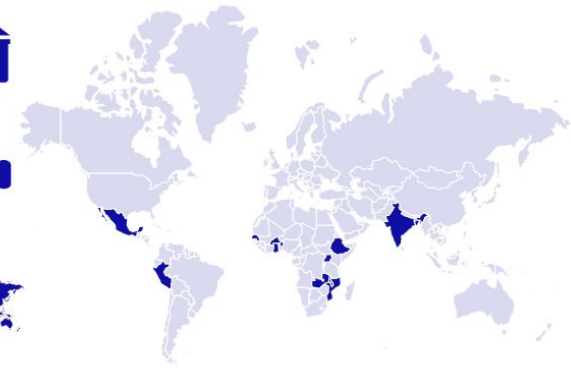


Decrease in Prevalence of Child Marriage

2.4K   
Project Sites

13.6K   
Partner Communities

16.5M   
Estimated People Reach



Non-Profit Organizations to Fund:

- [Feed My Starving Children](#)
- [World Food Programme](#)
- [Action Against Hunger](#)
- [The Hunger Project](#)
- [Bread for the World](#)

# Homework

Your homework:

- Try to at least visit the Feed My Starving Children Website
- Make a reservation
- Enjoy helping out people in need!
- If Feed My starving Children homework is not possible, I would like you to think how you can make a difference in today's world, any difference. Then DO IT! You have the potential to change something, so DO IT!





Thank

You!

*We Appreciate You!*



# Additional Resources

- [USNDG](#)
- [Our World in Data](#)
- [Feed My Starving Children \(fmsc.org\)](#)
- [Nigeria - Economy | Britannica](#)
- [Corruption in Nigeria: Review, Causes, Effects, and Solutions - Soapboxie](#)
- [Nigeria - Government and society | Britannica](#)
- [Nigeria - Climate | Britannica](#)
- [Saul's paper on "Hunger in Africa"](#) 